

IMPROVEMENT OF THE CRITERIA AND METHODS FOR DETERMINING THE AMOUNT OF FINES USED FOR THE PURPOSE OTHER THAN THE DESIGNATION OF IRRIGATED LANDS IN AGRICULTURE

Introduction. Today, global climate changes taking place in the 21st century, which are considered the main means of meeting the demand of the population of agricultural lands for food and raw materials, the aggravation of the ecological crisis as a result of the decrease in Biological Diversity, the further urgency of the issue of ensuring food security of the country in the conditions of And the preservation of the current attitude to the land was considered by the mutukhassis as a consequence of the fact that “by 2050 year the total area of crops per capita and fertile land accounted for only a quarter of the level of 1960 year”. One of the main measures aimed at protecting and increasing the productivity of agricultural land is to improve the mechanisms of economic incentives for its users. However, it should be noted that one of the main measures aimed at increasing the importance of irrigated lands in agriculture is to increase the effectiveness of measures against irrational use and any violations. Proceeding from the above, the cases of violations affecting their status in the use of existing agricultural lands in the Republic were analyzed and proposals were developed to regulate and improve the sanctioning processes aimed at protecting them in the non-use of irrigated lands.

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