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THEORETICAL FOUNDATIONS FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS MARKET IN UZBEKISTAN

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Abstract

Our country is implementing comprehensive measures to develop markets for agricultural products, agricultural resources and agricultural services, which allow us to develop agriculture and ensure the country's food security. Particular attention is paid to the use of modern technologies in increasing agricultural production, creating intensive gardens, comprehensive support for diversified farms, and establishing the production of export products.

If we pay attention to the features of the formation of common markets in our republic, although the process of integration with the external market can theoretically accelerate the arrival of relatively cheap resources and services in the agricultural sector and expand the possibilities of creating a competitive environment, this process can take a lot of time. Because integration between industries at different levels of economic and technological development is difficult, and even if it happens, the markets of countries based on technologically advanced modern production technologies will have a clear advantage.

Keywords: theoretical foundations, global agricultural, agricultural products market, export, production process composition, development criteria and indicators of security.



Introduction. The situation on the global agricultural market shows that the growth rate of agricultural production and exports is observed in countries with natural and climatic advantages. Research by international food safety experts highlights the complex situation facing the world and some of its regions. Research by international food safety experts highlights the complex situation facing the world and some of its regions. This situation can be especially observed in the markets of fruits and dried fruits, vegetables, canned foods, processed fruits and vegetables, vegetable oils, flour and baked goods, tea, coffee, citrus fruits, milk and meat products. In this case, the demand for a particular product and sales volume are greatly influenced by its appearance, color, size, beautiful packaging, reputation of the manufacturing company, behavior of the seller and the ability to offer the product, advertising and other factors.

Theoretical bases. Today, global climate change, adverse weather conditions, an increase in the number of various pests and other natural factors affect agricultural production. FAO estimates that agricultural production will need to increase by 60 percent by 2050 to meet the population's growing demand for food. This requires the development of production systems in which agricultural production adapts to the negative impacts of global climate change while making efficient use of available land, water and other resources.

In particular, within the framework of the agricultural products market, directions of state agricultural policy must be determined that meet the following requirements, to ensure the stability of agricultural production and prevent inflation, it is important to achieve a balance of payments in the agricultural sector and the issue of employment in rural areas. This is one of the important conditions for integration within the agricultural market. However, at the same time, it should be noted that the process of foreign trade in agricultural products, resources and services can cause problems of foreign and domestic trade and balance of payments. In this situation, the need to apply protectionist government policies increases, especially in relation to agricultural markets. Only achieving indicators that are close to each other in terms of the level of development of the external and internal agricultural markets can create the possibility of stability and competitiveness of agricultural production in the country. If we take into account that the participation of the agricultural sector in foreign markets has special characteristics (competition in terms of production volume, price and quality, a sales system related to the geographical location of the country), then the optimal economic environment for the development of enterprises producing agricultural products must be expanded.

Andre., Peter Bozia., Michael J., Ayres., Geoffrey McKelvey Massicotte., Marie-Josée and other economists, based on the results of their scientific work, emphasize that "... in recent years, ensuring food security in the world, Corporate control of agriculture economy over commodity markets, enhancing food independence of the countries of the world, meeting the population's needs for agricultural products are directly related to the state and level of development of the agricultural market." The reason is that the agricultural market plays an important role in providing the population with agricultural products.

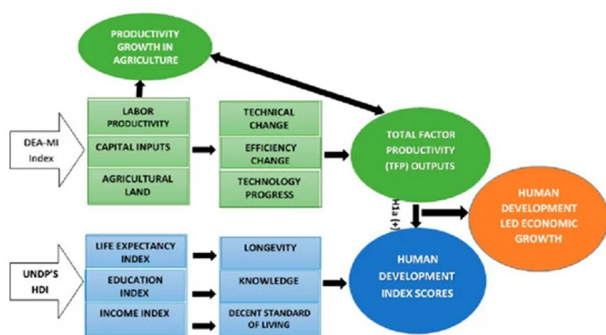


Figure 1. The diagram shows the indicators that are involved in both concepts (TFP and HDI).

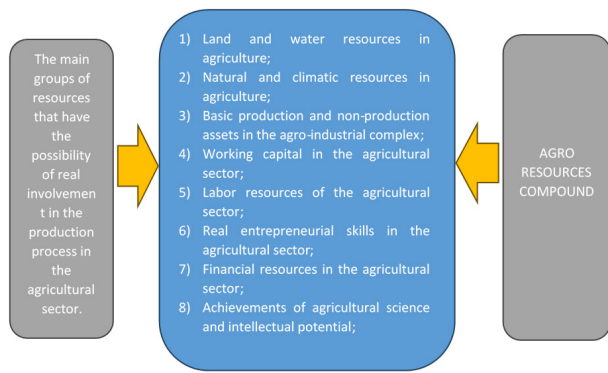


Figure 2. Participation in the production process composition of basic agricultural resources.

It is known that the market is a set of socio-economic relations between subjects that arise in the process of commodity exchange. These relations are carried out in our republic under the influence of the law of market supply and demand, economic competition and indirect and direct coordination levers of the state.

Discussion. From the point of view of a systems approach, the market has a very complex structure in which all links develop interdependently and influence each other. Markets are divided into types based on the variety of forms of ownership and business of individuals and legal entities participating in the trading process of goods that are the object of the market, and goods that are the subject of the market, as well as other characteristics.

Currently, the agricultural sector occupies an important place in the economy of our republic, given its inextricable dependence on land and water resources, as well as natural and climatic conditions, and should be developed by the state, liberalizing it and widely using financial incentives.

Currently, the agricultural sector occupies an important place in the economy of our republic, given its inextricable dependence on land and water resources, as well as natural and climatic conditions, and should be developed by the state, liberalizing it and widely using financial incentives. The choice of criteria and indicators that allow assessing the activities of markets and managing their development must meet certain requirements. In particular, these criteria and indicators should be compared against each other. Because each of the market participants acts independently, but interdependently.

At the moment, the financial condition of agricultural enterprises is a decisive factor in creating demand for the products of entities selling resources. Either the main consumers of products (goods) grown by farmers are households or processing enterprises.

However, in most cases, agricultural production entities offering their products to the market on competitive terms have their own is forced to sell products not at a price that covers its costs, but at the price actually prevailing in the market. This often leads to the sale of products at a price that does not even cover the production costs of farmers and peasant farms. This situation is mainly observed in the markets of difficult-to-preserve (requiring complex technologies) and perishable agricultural products.

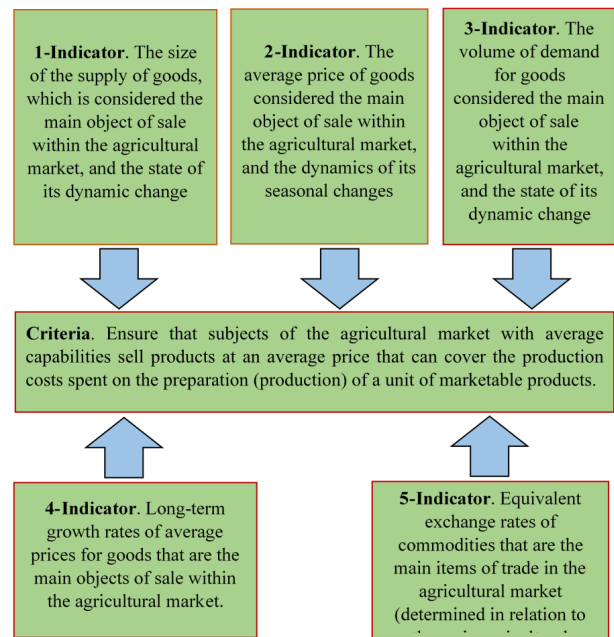


Figure 3. Proportionality of agricultural market development criteria and indicators of security.

As part of the recommended criteria for ensuring balanced development of the agricultural market, the following main indicators should be used:

- the size of the supply of goods considered the main object of trade in the agricultural market, and the state of its dynamic change;
- the volume of demand for goods considered the main object of trade in the agricultural market, and the state of its dynamic change;
- average market prices for goods that are the main object of trade on the agricultural market, and the dynamics of their seasonal changes;
- long-term growth rates of average prices for goods considered the main object of trade in the agricultural market;
- equivalent exchange rates of goods that are the main objects of trade in the agricultural market (determined in relation to the main agricultural products, for example, in the case of cotton and grain).

Conclusion. In the agricultural sector, the indicator of inter-sectoral imbalance in price growth should be constantly monitored within the framework of specific government programs. Conclusions prepared on the basis of the dynamics of changes in these indicators serve to highlight differences in the development of the agricultural market and ensure proportionality in the development of markets within the agricultural market.

Theoretically, efficient use of agricultural resources in market conditions can only occur in purely competitive markets. That is, it is required that the economic potential of another agricultural market is not reduced at the expense of any agricultural market.

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